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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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A Modest Man's Heroism.

Story of the Rescue of Seal Hunters Lost in an Ice Pack.

When we had come to anchor in Trinity bay and all the sails were safely stowed, the captain of our yacht proposed that we should go ashore and see the celebrated Comeau fils.

Bob, my companion asked, "Celebrated for what?"

"Oh! for several things," replied the captain. "He is a most extraordinary man in his many acquirements and knowledge. Born and brought up on this coast, he has passed all his life here, with the exception of the three years his father was able to send him to school, but those three years he made use of to lay the foundation of a wonderful store of practical knowledge. His schooling, as I have said, was but the foundation; by reading and observation he has added to it in a marvellous way.

From his early training and the life of every one on the coast, it would go without saying that he knows how to shoot, but he is more than a good shot, he is a "deadly" shot. Anything he aims his gun at that is within shooting distance is dead. As a salmon fisher, no crack angler who visits these rivers can hope to compete with him.

"As a linguist he can speak, read and write in French, English, Latin and Indian; besides this, he can talk rapidly in the dumb alphabet. He holds the position of telegraph operator at Trinity, also of postmaster and fishery overseer, and besides, when anything goes wrong with the lines for 200 miles east or west, the department immediately wires him to go and fix them up.

"He has more than a fair knowledge of medicine for one who derived all his insight from reading alone. Last summer there was an epidemic of measles all along the coast, among both whites and Indians. Here with a population of 150, two-thirds of whom were down, Comeau, who attended them, did not lose one patient, while at Bersimis, where the department sent a full-fledged M. D., there were 39 burials out of a population of 450.

"You may be sure the poor people all along the coast love him."

So the boat was lowered away, and the captain, Bob and I rowed ashore to see this paragon. From the outside look of the place I could see the man was one of good taste and orderly. The knock at the door was answered by Comeau himself. The captain was personally acquainted with him and introduced us before we entered. I must say I was disappointed. One always is when he has pictured a person in his mind's eye and finds that in reality he is quite a different kind of person.

I had looked for Comeau to be a large man and a boisterous one from his position of superiority over others. On the contrary, I found him below the medium, a quiet, low-voiced man, reserved almost to shyness. I saw at once he was a great observer, one who would make deductions from specks invisible to ordinary people; or, in other words, he could put two and two together and dovetail them better than most men.

We were ushered into a large, clean, airy room, in the middle of which sat a very good-looking lady in a roomy rocker, with a child on each knee. If Comeau himself is reserved and not inclined to talk, his wife can do enough for both. She excused herself for not rising when her husband introduced us. Nodding down at her babies, she said: "You see, I am fixed." One could see she is a proud mother—they were twins; this she told us before we were seated, and she further informed us that they were the only twins on the Labrador. So she is celebrated also.

When we got fairly settled in Comeau's den, the conversation naturally drifted into hunting and fishing. Bob made some inquiries about the pools on the Trinity. To make his explanations clear, Comeau pulled out a drawer of photographic views of the river. In rummaging these over, he cast aside a gold medal. "Excuse me," I said, reaching over and taking up the medal On it I read engraved:

"Presented to N. A. Comeau by the R. H. S. for Bravery in Saving Life."

Upon my asking him to recount the circumstances, he blushed and looked quite confused, and said: "Oh! it was nothing worth speaking of, but I suppose people talked so much about it that they gave me that token. It was nothing more than any man would have done," and this was all we could get from him unless we carried persistency to an ungentlemanly degree.

After having spent a very pleasant hour we returned on board, and the captain told us the story that the hero himself would not.

Two years before, one day in January, Comeau arrived home from the back country to find that two men had that day while seal hunting off shore been driven off the coast toward the ice pack in the gulf. One of the men was Comeau's own brother-in-law and the other a half-breed. In spite of the supplications of his wife and the persuasions of the other individuals of the place, Comeau set about preparations to follow them out to sea. He asked no one to accompany him.

The wind all the afternoon had been steadily off shore and was now moderately calm. He took with him some restoratives, provisions, a lantern, a couple of blankets, his rifle and ammunition and what else useful he could think of in his hurry. The ice pack was then about 10 miles off the land, and he reasoned the men must be on the ice, if large and strong enough, or in among it if in small cakes, the latter being much more dangerous.

From Trinity to Matane in a direct line the distance is 45 miles, and to push out in a frail, wooden canoe alone and the darkness coming on in the black gulf in mid-winter required a brave man with extraordinary nerve to dare it, and this Comeau did.

Three minutes after pushing out from the beach, canoe and man were swallowed up in the darkness. The next the people of Trinity heard of him was a telegraphic message on the second day after. It read: "Matane. All three alive. Joseph, hands frozen; Simon, both feet frozen badly."

This message was to his family, but the Matane people sent a much longer one to the government, giving the facts, describing the hardships these men had come through, and a special train was sent down with the best surgeon from Quebec. On the surgeon's arrival at Matane a consultation was held with the country practitioner, when it was decided that the man, Joseph, would have to lose two fingers on each hand and Simon both feet.

The amputation was successfully carried out next day, and shortly after, when Comeau saw both men well on to recovery, he started for his home, not, however, by the way he had come, but up to Quebec by the south shore and down the north shore from Quebec, a distance of nearly 700 miles. The last 100 he made on snowshoes.

The captain told us that the description of this very venturesome trip he had heard from Comeau's own brother as the elder one had described it in the heart of his own family. He had reached the ice pack, to the best of his judgment, about 15 miles from the land, and had remained on his oars and hallooed once or twice without receiving an answer. He suddenly bethought himself of the lantern. This he lit and lashed to the blade of one of the oars, and erected it aloft. Immediately a faint cry was heard to the eastward, and he lowered his light and pulled away in the direction whence the call appeared to come. After rowing for a short time the lantern was waved again above and this time an answering shout came from close at hand.

The two poor fellows were some distance in the pack, and had got on the largest cake they could find. They were sitting there helpless, holding on each by one hand to the rough surface of the ice, and with the other to their canoe to keep it from being washed off.

By the aid of the lantern held aloft, Comeau saw there was a much larger cake of ice some distance farther in the pack. To this they made their way with laborious trouble. Pushing one canoe as far ahead among the ice as possible, they would all three get into this, shove the other in advance in the same way, and so repeating the process till they reached the solid field. Once safely on this, for the meantime, secure place, food was partaken of and daylight waited for.

Soon, however, the intense cold began to make itself felt, and drowsiness was first taking hold of the two men, and their great wish was to be left alone and allowed to sleep. This Comeau knew if indulged meant death, and it took all his efforts to keep them awake and moving about. Once, while attending to the half-breed, his brother-in-law dropped down and was fast asleep in an instant. Comeau boxed him, kicked him, without having the desired effect of rousing him from his stupor. At last he bethought him of what an old Indian had done to him under somewhat similar circumstances. He caught the man's nose between the thumb and finger and tweaked it severely. This brought him to his feet and mad to fight.

Day was now breaking and they could see the south shore at a computed distance of 10 miles. Comeau also saw that the ice pack was drifting steadily east, and this, if they remained on the ice, would carry them past Cap Chat, the most northern point of the south coast, and this meant death to a certainty.

A rapid train of thought went through Comeau's brain. He decided that if saved they were to be, it must be by passing over that 10 miles of moving, grinding ice. He forced some food on the others. They abandoned the roll of blankets, which had been of no use to them, and started, using the canoes see-saw fashion, as they had done the night before. They left the cake of ice upon which they had passed the night at 8 a. m., and only got ashore at the extreme point of Cap Chat at daylight next morning. At times they would come across narrow lanes of water, but these lanes always ran at right angles to the direction in which they were going. Several times, when stopping upon what was considered a strong piece of ice, one of the party would be immersed in the cold, cruel water, and be rescued with great trouble and danger to the others.

What a picture of heart-felt prayer offering it must have been to have seen those men kneeling on the ice-bound shore, pouring out their thanks to the ever-watchful Almighty who had brought them safely through such dangers.

Bob, who had taken down the captain's narrative in shorthand, gave me his notes and I give the story of adventure and heroism to the public.

Comeau is well-known by most of the members of the Forest and Stream clubs of New York and Montreal.—Martin Hunter, in Forest and Stream.

News of Victoria's Death in India.

When the telegram arrived stating that the German emperor was hurrying off to Osborne to be at the deathbed of the queen the natives of India at once said that he was eager to put in a claim for the crown of England, as the son of the eldest child of the queen. This report spread far and wide, and no amount of argument would convince the natives otherwise. Their traditions almost invariably depict a fight for the crown on the death of a reigning monarch. When a rajah dies his heirs always squabble and intrigue over the succession. Even the intelligent Indian fancied that the emperor would try to seize Great Britain. When a telegram arrived stating that the Prince of Wales looked "worried and haggard" and that the emperor was "very grave," it was at once concluded that the quarrel had begun. Finally, when it was stated that a German squadron was going to Portsmouth for the funeral the natives looked unutterably wise and said: "Of course he will wait until the queen's body is in the earth, then he will secretly turn his guns on the British fleet." In such strange circles does the Asiatic mind revolve. Bombay Correspondent, Chicoga Record-Herald.

OPPOSED TO REVISION

COUNTRY DOES NOT WANT THE TARIFF QUESTION REOPENED.

The Babcock Plan of Dealing With the Iron and Steel Combine Would Wreck a Large Number of Concerns Outside of the Big Trust.

"I was much interested in the clear and emphatic interview with Mr. Payne, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of Congress, published in the Mail and Express, concerning Representative Babcock's proposition to revise the Dingley Tariff law," said Charles A. Moore. "As President of the American Protective Tariff League, I was naturally somewhat surprised when Mr. Babcock announced last February his idea that manufactured products of steel should be placed upon the free list. Soon after Mr. Babcock presented that bill in the House he was a guest at the annual dinner here in New York of the Protective Tariff League. But he did not discuss his bill at that time, either in his after-dinner speech or in private conversation.

"It is reassuring to learn, from such an authority as the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, that Mr. Babcock's revival of the topic of tariff revision meets with no sympathy from his Republican colleagues, at least along the line that he proposes."

"Do you agree with Chairman Payne that Mr. Babcock cannot excite an agitation at this time for a revision of the tariff?"

"Yes, I agree with Mr. Payne and with other Republican members of that committee and with several Senators who are in the Finance Committee with whom I have consulted," replied Mr. Moore. "I have also received the opinions of many manufacturers, business men and of those acquainted with the feeling of workingmen, and I am convinced that there can be no reopening of the general tariff question, either this summer or when the next Congress convenes. Any student of trade conditions and of their relations to customs duties and the national revenue will admit that there might be made some changes in the tariff schedules that would be of advantage to both producer and consumer. No system of tariff schedules was ever constructed that would not bear amendment from time to time.

"But the changes that might be made to advantage in the present tariff law are both too few in number and too unimportant to warrant a reopening of the subject. Agitation of the tariff question is inevitably disturbing to trade, causing uncertainty and halting new enterprises. It should occur, therefore, at as widely separated intervals as possible."

"Mr. Babcock asserts that his proposition is to strike at the so-called steel trust, and that it is, therefore, a politic step for the Republican party to take."

"I do not agree with Mr. Babcock in that idea," replied Mr. Moore. "He is Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, and I am afraid that his intimate knowledge of local party and factional conditions in many Congressional districts has distorted his perspective, so to speak, of the general question. I would say that neither his bill nor any other legislation can destroy the United States Steel Corporation without first destroying every smaller and individual concern engaged in the same business. These smaller makers of steel products have their specialties in manufacturing. Some of them probably will sell their output to other concerns that have been amalgamated in the steel trust. Others will continue to retain their own customers at home and abroad. But if steel goods were placed on the free list these individual manufacturers would be forced to the wall, because the steel trusts of Great Britain, France and Germany, if our tariff barrier were removed, would dump their surplus product upon our market at prices that the smaller manufacturers could not meet. Only the big corporation could survive, and that combination of men, who are kings in the several branches of their business, being united, could compete successfully, I believe, at home or abroad, in any part of the world, with any foreign trust—provided foreign Governments do not erect prohibitive tariff barriers against us.

"In other words, the proposition of Mr. Babcock would in the end play into the hands of the so-called American Steel Trust, which he thinks would be a good political play to attack.

"It seems to me," concluded Mr. Moore, "that any survey of our recent commercial history must convince any candid mind that the country will not consent to enter into any such revision of the tariff as Mr. Babcock suggests. Only twenty-five years ago the United States was fourth in the list of exporting nations. To-day the United States holds first place. In that time the United States has increased its exports 192 per cent. Our tariff has made us the most prosperous nation on earth. Labor commands here the highest wages. It is labor that would suffer most from a radical change in our policy of a sanely protective tariff."—New York Mail and Express.

Fruit as a Medicine.

According to a celebrated health expert, blanched almonds give the higher nerve or brain and muscle food, and the man who wishes to keep up his brain power will do well to include them in his daily bill of fare. Juicy fruits give more or less the higher nerve or brain food, and are eaten by all men whose living depends on their clear-headedness. Apples supply the brain with rest. Prunes are said to afford proof against nervousness, but are not muscle-feeding. They should be avoided by those who suffer from the liver. But it has been proved that fruits do not have the same effect upon everybody. Some men cannot eat apples without suffering from acute dyspepsia. "Fruit cure" is a form of treatment which is quite the rage in continental Europe now with persons suffering from real or imaginary maladies.

"I want to marry your daughter," said the enamored youth; "she's all the world to me." "Humph!" grunted the old man, "you seem to want the earth."

C. R. EASTMAN ACQUITTED

Harvard Instructor Found Not Guilty of Murdering His Brother-in-Law.

JURY OUT OVER FIVE HOURS

Defendant Received Verdict Calmly, But His Wife Went Into Hysterics — Demonstration in Courtroom When the Announcement Was Made—End of Case That Has Stirred New England Widely.

Cambridge, Mass.—The jury in the trial of Charles R. Eastman, formerly employed in the Agassiz Museum at Harvard University, for the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan, Jr., on July 4 last, returned a verdict of not guilty. As soon as the verdict was announced Eastman was set free. His parents broke down completely and his wife went into hysterics when trying to thank each juror. Eastman received the verdict calmly.

The jury, after listening patiently for nearly three weeks to a tremendous mass of testimony, followed by two days of argument, debated five hours and a half before reaching a verdict.

Eastman never lost his composure. When he was brought into the courtroom he walked lightly to his "cage," carefully adjusted his eyeglasses and smiled pleasantly at his relatives.

Then when the verdict was announced, and the crowd burst out in cheers, waving hats and handkerchiefs—a demonstration which the Court did not attempt to stop—he turned and shook hands with those who surged about him—the vanguard of a great rush, for it seemed, after the cheer, that everybody wanted to grasp the

CHARLES R. EASTMAN.
(He was declared not guilty of the murder of his brother-in-law on July 4 last.)

hand of the man who had been freed.

Eastman's aged mother was so overcome that she had to be taken from the courtroom. His wife was almost hysterical, laughing nervously, but never giving way to tears. His counsel seemed beside themselves with joy, but the man to whom it all meant so much was the most composed person there.

After he had freed himself from the group of friends he went over and shook hands with the jurors and thanked them.

He had nothing to say about himself, not a word for publication. He had expected to be acquitted, he said, and never had any doubt about the result. So great was the excitement that it was some time before the judges could thank the jury, and assure the twelve men that they had delivered a verdict in accordance with the evidence.

During the day Eastman was obliged to listen to a most scathing arraignment by Attorney-General Knowlton. He heard him tell how he had killed Richard Grogan, of a quarrel, a struggle, of a murder, of his "heartless conduct" beside a dying man. But he stood it calmly and well.

How the Shooting Took Place.

Charles R. Eastman and Richard H. Grogan, Jr., both of whom married daughters of the late Alvan G. Clark, of telescope fame, were at target practice on the afternoon of July 4 last year, when the shots were fired that killed Grogan.

Eastman was arrested for murder, but was discharged by the local magistrate for lack of evidence. While he was in the West gathering fossils for the Agassiz Museum, of Harvard, in which he was an instructor, he was indicted by the Grand Jury. This was in October, and he has been in jail ever since.

It was generally believed in Cambridge at the time of the shooting that the two men had fought a duel. It was reported there had been domestic differences.

Bank Official Kills Himself.

R. N. Pollock, the missing bank president of Cleveland, Ohio, ended his life at Seattle, Wash., by sending a bullet through his brain.

Filipino Colonel Surrenders.

Colonel Astilla, the insurgent Governor of Infanta Province, P. I., has surrendered with ten officers, 180 men, 170 rifles, and ten cannon.

No Coal Strike in Great Britain.

The Miners' Conference, at London, decided not to strike against the coal tax at present.

Ask Removal of Governor Dole.

The Territorial Legislature of Hawaii has passed a resolution containing a memorial asking President McKinley to remove Governor Dole. He is charged with obstructing legislation.

Three Drowned in Chenango River.

Edward Hall, aged sixty-five; his daughter Dora, twenty, and George Sholes, twenty-eight, were drowned in the Chenango River, south of Oxford N. Y. Their boat capsized.

The National Game.

Kruger is playing a grand game on third base for St. Louis.

Hillebrand, the famous Princeton twirler, may join the New York Club after June 1.

The veteran Kittridge is doing all of Boston's catching at present to steady the team.

Heidrick, of St. Louis, is starting out as if he intended to lead the League in batting from the jump.

"Both the foul strike rule and the one keeping the catcher close to the plate are good ones," says Catcher McGuire.

M'KINLEY ON PACIFIC COAST

President Makes His Official Entry Into San Francisco.

WELCOMED BY IMMENSE CROWDS

Great Throngs of People Line the Route of the Afternoon Drive, and Thousands Attend the Evening Reception—President Reviews a Civil and Military Parade—Illumination of Warships.

San Francisco, Cal.—President McKinley made his official entry into this city, the objective point of his tour, on Tuesday. After being formally welcomed by Mayor J. D. Phelan, he drove through the principal streets, attended by a military and naval escort. The President attended a public reception in the evening in the large nave of the Market street ferry depot.

At 2.40 o'clock p. m. the President left the Scott residence for the Valencia street station. Here he met the train bringing the members of the Cabinet and the remainder of his party. The President, the members of his Cabinet, Mayor Phelan, and the Reception Committee were then taken by special train to the Third and Townsend street station, where the military and naval escort was waiting.

Long before the hour set for the President's arrival Third street, from King to Harrison streets, was a solid mass of humanity. When the Presidential train entered the railroad yards the whistles of the factories and machine shops of the neighborhood were blown, the bells of the yard engines were rung, and thousands of voices joined in the noisy welcome to the city's guests. A few minutes after the train arrived the procession formed, and the march up Third street was begun. In the rear of a platoon of mounted police and a battalion of patrolmen came Grand Marshal Warfield and his aides. Behind them were the members of Troop A, the special escort of the President, closely followed by the Veteran Guard of the Grand Army of the Republic.

A second later President McKinley was in full view of the throng. Accompanying him were Mayor Phelan and Irving M. Scott, Chairman of the Citizens' Executive Committee. As the carriage was drawn out to the street and turned in line with the procession cheer after cheer rose from the multitude, which was re-echoed along the thoroughfares. With his face wreathed in smiles, President McKinle bowed his acknowledgements of the ovation.

After the President's carriage came the carriages of the Cabinet members, of Governor Nash of Ohio and his staff, and of the Ohio Congressional delegation. The long line of carriages was followed by 4000 troops, infantry artillery and cavalry, from the Presidio, led by General Shafter, and by 1000 marines and sailors from the battleships Iowa, Philadelphia, and Wisconsin, under command of Admiral Casey.

From the moment the President emerged from the station the cheering was tremendous, but as the long procession got under way its force seemed to be redoubled. Far up the line the cry was caught up. Thousands of steam whistles were blown in all parts of the city. The tones of the siren, the blasts of the horns, the din of a thousand devices for the production of sound, the measured tread of thousands of feet, the triumphal strains of bands—all were united with the voices of the people in acclaim to the President.

The line of march was handsomely decorated with flags, bunting and evergreens. At Van Ness avenue President McKinley reviewed the procession, after which he repaired to the Scott residence for dinner.

The President was driven to the ferry depot at 8 o'clock p. m. The large and handsome illuminated nave of the building was filled by a vast crowd of people. Mayor Phelan made a brief address of welcome, to which Mr. McKinley responded.

Entering at one door of the nave, the people passed down the hall to the southern end, where President McKinley stood, surrounded by the members of his cabinet and other prominent visitors. The President did not indulge in handshaking, but bowed as the people passed, each one saluting him with a small flag.

The warships Iowa, Wisconsin and Philadelphia, and the torpedo boat destroyer Farragut were illuminated at night.

MAN WITH MUSICAL HEART DEAD.

Lesions of Valves Caused Melody With Pulsations.

Elgin, Ill.—Herbert E. Brown, a well-known tattooed man, with $1000 worth of decorations on his body, died at the City Hospital from "bovine heart." He was known here as "the man with the musical heart," and the autopsy showed an unusual lesion of the valves.

The musical tone was marked, and, according to the statements of physicians who made the post-mortem examination, was caused by diseased valves, giving two separate tones blended into an actual melody, which rose and fell as the heart was excited or quiet. The music resembled that made by rubbing on the edge of glasses partly filled with water. It was found that the man's heart was as large as that of an ordinary ox.

Effect of the Speculative Boom.

Since the speculative boom began seven officials of national banks have been proved defaulters, and Washington fears there will be more.

INSANITY MRS. NATION'S DEFENCE.

Judge Rules It Out, and Jury Finds Her Guilty of Malicious Trespass.

Topeka, Kan.—In the trial of Mrs. Nation here for malicious destruction of saloon property, her attorneys set up insanity as their only defence.

Judge Hazen instructed the jury that it must either find her guilty or not guilty, as it was not in its province to pass upon Mrs. Nation's sanity. She was found guilty of malicious trespass

President Pardons a Convict.

President McKinley granted a pardon to Louis Gallot, of New Orleans, La., who was convicted in 1896 of misapplication of the funds of the Union National Bank, of that city. He was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary.

Petroleum Fleet Burned.

Fourteen petroleum steamers have been burned at Astrakhan, Russia. The city of Astrakhan is situated on an elevated island in the Volga, about thirty miles from the Caspian Sea.

SALISBURY FEARS IRELAND

British Premier Declares "Any Measure of Independence" Dangerous.

Thinks a Dublin Government Would Take Advantage of Troubles Elsewhere To Strike For Freedom.

London.—The Marquis of Salisbury, speaking at the banquet of the Nonconformist Unionist Association, said:

"If home rule had passed in 1893, what would England's position, with a hostile Irish Government in Dublin, have been to-day? What would our position have been if we not only had to meet the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, but also an equally hostile Ireland by our side?

"We know now from our South African experience the danger of letting Ireland have a measure of independence. We know now that if we allowed those who are leading Irish politics unlimited power of making preparations against us we should have to begin by conquering Ireland, if ever we had to fight any other power."

In the first part of his address the Premier said:

"It is a sad retrospect when we think of the number of young lives that have been quenched, the splendid hopes cut short, and the amount of blood shed in the war in South Africa. It is a grievous retrospect. Yet from it any suggestions of wrong on the part of the empire is absolutely absent. Indeed, there are circumstances which can make every lover of his country look back with exultation and gratitude upon the two years just passed.

"These circumstances have been able to show that the spirit of our countrymen has burned as bright as at any other period in our history.

"When I was in the Foreign Office I used to hear not infrequently that our time had passed, that our star had set, that we were living on the valor of those who had gone before. The war in South Africa has shown the strength of England, which was never more conclusively shown. There is no power in the world but now knows that if it defied the might of England it would defy one of the most formidable enemies it could encounter."

DIED TO SAVE HIS FRIEND.

Negro Sacrificed His Life That His Married Companion Might Live.

Indianapolis, Ind.—William Phelps, of Richmond, Ky., and James Stansbury, of this city, negroes, were cleaning the inside of an eight-foot upright boiler at the Cereal Wine Mills when an employe turned on the steam, thinking the cock was tight. It leaked, and the scalding steam poured in on the two men. The only exit was up a ladder to a manhole in the top. Both jumped for the ladder. Phelps reached it first, took one step and stopped. He jumped aside and shouted: "You go first, Jim; you are married."

Stansbury sprang up the ladder and escaped with slight burns about the face and legs. Though Phelps followed at his heels his act of heroism cost him his life. Both men were being cooked when Phelps jumped aside. By the time he had followed Stansbury up the ladder the flesh was dropping from his limbs. He was cooked alive, and with supreme effort dragged his scalded body from the manhole. He lived for two hours in terrible agony, but did not let a groan escape him.

"It was Jim's right to go first," said he quietly. "He is married." Phelps had been boarding at Stansbury's house.

SHAMROCK II. DEFEATED.

Old Cup Challenger Won in a Fair Trial by Over Five Minutes.

Weymouth, England. — In weather conditions all favorable for a fair trial, with the wind fresh and steady, the course clear of all obstructions, and no tides of any consequence, the Shamrock I. beat Sir Thomas Lipton's new yacht by five minutes and five seconds over a triangular course of about twenty miles. There was no discoverable holding back of Shamrock II., although once or twice she pointed such a course as left the suspicion that the steersman was not taking advantage of every chance.

There is no doubt the result of the trial was distinctly disappointing to those who had pinned their faith to the new challenger, especially as the Shamrock I. on the previous spins had not showed even equality with the new racer on any point of sailing, with the exception of running.

A well-known English yachting authority, who sailed on Shamrock I., stated that the challenger was quite outsailed, and is "no good."

FIRE LOSS FOR LAST YEAR.

Aggregate Destruction in the United States Amounted to $155,000,000.

New York City.—Reports were made at the annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, which was held in this city, showing that the aggregate loss by fire in the United States last year was $155,000,000, or more than in any one year hitherto, with the exception of 1893, when the total reached $167,544,370.

On this property loss the fire insurance companies paid $93,500,000, which has been exceeded only in 1892 and 1893. In New York State losses amounting to $15,875,711 were paid. In New York City during the year there were 9478 alarms and 8405 fires, with an actual loss of $8,814,963, and an insurance loss of $8,059,638.

NATIONS COMBINE AGAINST US.

Germany Invites France, Austria and Others to Come In.

London.—Germany has invited Austria, France, Holland and Belgium, and possibly Russia and Italy, to combine in a gigantic commercial union, with the object of excluding American competition until the American duties are lowered.

Heavy differential duties would, in the event of the union being achieved, be imposed on American goods, and there would be internal duties.

Kills Her Children and Herself.

Mrs. Bedinah Carlson, a widow, aged twenty-nine, and two children, Gustav Arthur, aged seven, and Lillie, aged two, were found dead from illuminating gas in their home at Providence, R. I. Ill health recently forced her to idleness, and in the fit of despondency it is supposed she arose during the night and turned on three gas jets.

Mrs. Botha to Visit Kruger.

Mrs. Louis Botha, who has obtained permission to interview Mr. Kruger and urge him to advocate peace, sailed from Durban, South Africa, for Europe on the steamer Dunvegan Castle.

MAINE FAMILY MURDERED

Farmhouse and Barn Set on Fire to Conceal the Crime.

FARMERS ARM FOR PROTECTION

The State Is Overrun With Tramps Who Are Supposed to Have Committed Many Crimes — Latest Tragedy Discovered at Shirley Arouses the Whole Community—Slight Clue to Murderers.

Shirley, Me. — The murders which have startled the rural districts of Maine the past few months are almost overshadowed by a tragedy in this town, in which a family of three was put out of existence and fire used to hide the crime. The victims are J. Wesley Allen, a selectman; his wife and their fourteen-year-old daughter. The charred bodies were found on the stage road leading from Monson to Moosehead Lake.

The only clue to the identity of the murderers is furnished by a man named Johnson, who reported that he was stopped on the road by four men, all being intoxicated, one of whom answers the description of the highway man who robbed the Willimantic stage the other day.

The greatest excitement prevails in the community, and arms and ammunition have been obtained by farmers who fear a visit from the murderers.

Charles Tibbetts, while driving down the stage road with his children to the village school, saw the ruins of the Allen farmhouse, and, out of curiosity, searched the embers, finding the bones of a body. He gathered the nearest neighbors and the ruins were searched and bones of four persons, supposedly, were found. Later it was definitely shown that only three persons had lost their lives, and that they were not in their beds or rooms at the time.

It appears that the house and barn were burned separately, as a large pile of cut wood which stood between the buildings was not even scorched. The Allen farmhouse was an ordinary story-and-a-half wooden building with an extension. In this house Mr. Allen and his wife had made their home for nearly forty years, and they were respected by every one. Mr. Allen was quite prosperous.

The rural regions of Maine are swarming with tramps at this time of the year, and many crimes are committed by them. The country is much excited and there is danger that the murderers would be lynched if caught.

MISSISSIPPI STEAMER SUNK.

Strikes a Snag and Goes Down—Two Passengers Drowned.

Grand Tower, Ill.—The steamer City of Paducah sank in twenty-five feet of water in less than five minutes after striking a snag and while backing out from Brunkhorst Landing. The bodies of two passengers who were drowned have been recovered, and twenty-two members of the crew, most of them negroes, are missing. All of the officers were saved.

First Mate Tobias Royal says only about twelve passengers were on board and all were saved except two. The body of Dr. J. W. Bell, of Bell's Landing, Tenn., was taken out of his stateroom. That of a young woman, on which was a visiting card reading "Mrs. Harry L. Allen, 3430 Eads avenue, St. Louis, Mo.," was recovered from her stateroom. Several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry was found on her body.

The steamboat drifted a third of a mile below the landing before she sank. The boat lies down about 100 feet from the Illinois shore, the forepart of the hurricane deck being under water. She appears to be a total wreck.

The City of Paducah had been in commission since 1891. She was a sternwheeler, 190 feet long, thirty-four foot beam and had a six-foot hold. She was of 600 tons burden and cost $30,000.

DECLINED TO EAT DOG MEAT.

Senator Quarles and Congressman Curtis Offend the Snake Indians.

Topeka, Kan.—Congressman Curtis, of Kansas, and United States Senator Quarles have rendered a treaty with the Snake Indians impossible by refusing to eat dog meat with these redskins. These gentlemen returned from the Snake reservation in the Indian country discouraged over the effort to bring about an agreement to allot the lands of the tribe. These Indians believe the Government intends to finally take from them all their lands, and they look upon the alloting agents as official swindlers.

While Curtis and Quarles were there the tribe was holding its annual jollification, one of the ceremonies being the eating of dog meat. The big chiefs offered to adjust all differences if the visitors would join them in a feast of dog meat, which would prove their sincerity. The statesmen declined, and came home, and will report their trouble to Congress.

Minnesota Indians on Strike.

Indians are congregating at Round Lake, Minn., and threaten to prevent removal of logs backed there unless there shall be a rescaling. They have held several war dances, and the logging companies and Government agents fear trouble.

Plague Record at Cape Town.

Up to date there have been 610 cases of the plague and 275 deaths at Cape Town, South Africa.

Paying Teller Accused of Embezzlement.

Samuel Flower, paying teller of the Hibernia National Bank, was arrested at New Orleans, La., by a United States Marshal charged with a shortage of $36,000. He was released on bond of $10,000. Flower's bond to the bank was for $25,000.

South Dakota Bank Closed.

Because of bad loans and alleged speculation on the Board of Trade the State Bank at Canton, S. D., has closed it doors. Business men and farmers were depositors.

Prominent People.

James A. Hill, the railway magnate, puts in a ten-hour workday, beginning at 7.30 a. m.

Senator Stewart says the hardest work he ever did was carrying bricks on a farm in Ohio.

General Sir Evelyn Wood has just begun his fiftieth year of active service for Britain. His first three years were spent in the navy.

Lieutenant-Commander R. P. Hobson has charge of the United States naval exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition, at Buffalo, N. Y.

STATE TROOPS CALLED OUT

Attempt to Run Trolley Cars at Albany, N. Y., Results in Rioting.

WILD DISORDER IN THE STREETS

Rioters Successfully Attacked Non-Union Employes of the Traction Company — Police Were Unable to Cope With the Mobs and the Militia Was Ordered Out on Strike Duty.

Albany, N. Y.—Rioting in the capital of the State on Tuesday prevented the operation of the street railway lines, and resulted in an order from Governor Odell, through Adjutant General Hoffman, calling out the Twenty third Regiment, of Brooklyn, and the Tenth Battalion and Third Signal Corps, mounted, of this city, to preserve peace and protect the property and employes of the United Traction Company.

Feeling convinced that the police of Albany could not protect its employes and passengers from attack, the officers of the United Traction Company appealed to Sheriff McCreery, of Albany County, for military protection for its lines. The Sheriff in turn appealed to Brigadier-General Robert Shaw Oliver, commanding the Third Brigade, who promptly ordered out the Tenth Battalion and the Signal Corps. Sheriff McCreery also informed Governor Odell, through Adjutant-General Hoffman, that the number of members of the National Guard in Albany County was too small to deal effectively with the riotous conditions prevalent Tuesday, and accordingly the Governor directed the Twenty-third Regiment, of Brooklyn, to proceed to this city.

The story of the day's riots is full of exciting features.

At the car barns of the company, in Quail street, the first trouble arose. Here it was that William Marshall, a motorman, who lives in Brooklyn, received probably fatal injuries. Several on the car with the injured man were also injured, but none so seriously.

Several thousand strikers and sympathizers charged at dusk on a wagonload of non-union men who had been sent out from the Quail street barns by the company to repair the trolley wires which had been cut during the riots of the morning.

The wagon left the barn under the escort of fifty policemen, including mounted officers, and proceeded several hundred yards through a crowd of several thousand persons.

When the wagon stopped for the men to commence work a dash was made for them by the crowd. The police were powerless to stop the storm of stones and bricks showered upon the non-union men from the vacant lots, cross streets and housetops.

The men lay upon their faces on the floor of the wagon, and, surrounded by the mounted men, who used their clubs on the more aggressive of the rioters, were hurried back to the barns.

Two of the non-union men were injured. Several of the mob were severely clubbed.

With the militia patroling the streets in the vicinity of the car barns of the company, in Quail street and North Albany, the day of riot and disorder drew to a close.

Disappointed at its failure to stop the first car, the mob fell upon the second as one man. The police made but a feeble effort to stop the onslaught.

Late Monday night the mounted police and the reserves were summoned by Commissioner of Public Safety Frederick C. Ham to the Union Station. There about ninety men arrived from New York City and New Jersey. They had come to take the places of the strikers. They were bundled into trucks and taken to the barns of the company on Quail street.

When the doors of the barn on Quail street opened at 10.20 o'clock, and a motor came forth the trouble began. There were 2000 persons in the immediate vicinity of the barn. The car sped on its way over Quail street before the people had recovered from their astonishment, and escaped with but one brick being thrown at the crew of four men. On the car were four policemen. Upon its return to Quail street the car was deserted by its crew, who joined the strikers.

It was the second car, which started a few minutes after the first, which received rough treatment. It was on this car that Marshall received the injuries which may cause his death.

In Quail street, during the melee, some one threw a rope over the trolley wires, pulling them to the ground. This practically tied up the road, because of the failure to secure the services of linemen, who had gone out with the strikers.

President Sheehan, of the strikers, claimed that violence used at the company's barn was altogether, the work of sympathizers and not strikers.

President Mahan, of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, arrived in town, and will endeavor to settle the strike. Meantime, the strikers are determined, while General Manager McNamara, of the company, said: "We intend to run our cars if it takes the entire National Guard of New York State to protect us."

Wealth of the Christian Alliance.

Rev. A. B. Simpson, President of the Christian and Missionary Alliance, at New York City, reports that contributions for the year were $264,639.54, an increase of $110,084.15 over the previous year. Since the Alliance started the total contributions were $1,148,900.

PLOT TO KIDNAP SULTAN.

Conspiracy to Put His Younger Brother on the Throne Frustrated.

Vienna, Austria.—The papers here publish alleged details of a plot, promoted by members of the Young Turkey party, to kidnap Abdul Hamid and to proclaim his younger brother, Prince Mohamed Rechad, Sultan.

It is asserted that the plot was frustrated by the Sultan's secretary, Izzet Bey, and that many persons supposed to be connected with it have been arrested.

No Dower Rights When Separated.

The Supreme Court, at Philadelphia, has handed down an opinion holding that when a man and his wife by contract agree to separate the wife is not, after her husband's death, entitled to her dower rights in his estate.

Her Cigarettes Were Fatal.

Mrs. Minnie Arthur, twenty-seven years old, committed suicide by jumping from a third-story window at Boston, Mass. The police say she was an inveterate cigarette smoker, and had attempted suicide before.

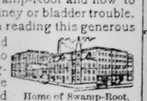
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect March 3rd, 1901

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily (except Sunday) 2:30, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " " 4:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 9:30, a. m
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11:05, a. m

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday) 11:40, a. m
Arrive at Edenton " " " 12:40, p. m
Arrive Belhaven " " " 5:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturdays " " 5:55, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " " 7:00, p. m.

☞ Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 12:45 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12:45, p. m., for Ocean River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6:30, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad, the Atlantic Coast Line for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12:00, noon, and Friday 12:30, p. m., for Pasquotank River Landings, Steamers leave Belhaven daily except Sunday for Washington, N. C., and 5, a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Mng'r. H. C. BUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Agt

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TERMS REASONABLE.

BAY VIEW HOTEL

Sample Rooms and Hacks Free.
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Fronting Edenton Bay, Edenton, N. C

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GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

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30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE

the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the cotton Factory. Terms and payments made easy

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The North Carolinian

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PALEMON JOHN, Editor.

HOW DISFRANCHISEMENT HAS WORKED.

Under the caption which we give above a writer in this months World's Work gives an excellent resume of the effects of the much discussed legislative restriction of the suffrage in the South. Whatever may be the readers individual opinion as to the desirability on non-desirability in itself of this kind of legislation he can not, as a citizen and student of political conditions, be otherwise than interested in the results thereby produced. The author of the article from which we shall proceed to quote somewhat at large is entirely non-partisan in his treatment of the subject. He makes no attempts to theorize but furnishes us simply with a statement of facts and these facts in themselves set forth the problem, the problem of ring-rule, a problem becoming each day more pronounced in the political life of our state.

Says our scribe:

"Many thoughtful men in the South hope for good results, and think that there will be a division of party opinion and a new era of political thought and activity.

"But so far, the disfranchisement of the mass of blacks in South Carolina, in Mississippi, and in Louisiana (and there has been time enough in these states for results now to be apparent) has not brought such results. The Negro eliminated, only one political party remains and political stagnation has followed. In Mississippi, the requirement that a poll tax be paid long before the election deprives many white men also of their votes. But it does not bar them out of nominating conventions. Many communities are ruled by a mere handful of whites who cannot even cast a ballot.

"For instance, there are 320,000 males of voting age in Mississippi, but the whole vote cast in the state in November was only 59,000. This is 11,000 votes less than were cast four years ago under the same restrictions of suffrage. In the town of Eudora, where a mayor, a marshal, a treasurer, and four aldermen were elected, only eight votes were cast, and of the eight voters seven are said to have been candidates for office. In Louisiana the total vote in November fell from 99,000 in 1897 to 61,000; of Mississippi from 69,000 to 59,000; of South Carolina, from 68,000 to 50,000—the shrinkage in four years in these three states being nearly 68,000 votes, in spite of the increase in population."

Certainly even the most ardent advocates of disfranchisement can not but admit that in this respect at least the measure is proving a most equivocal blessing. An ologarchical government by a political ring is indeed a dangerous experiment as certain occurrences of the last year or so in our own state where the conditions are not so pronounced have already pertinently instanced.

The increasing number of converts in the south to the industrial principles of protection and expansion give, however, promise of furnishing by the more equal division of political parties a healthful solution of the problem. For the good of the south itself let us hope for such a desideratum. For in every state where ring-rule and one party government exist the public purse and the public itself is absolutely at the mercy of the spoilsman and the professional politician.

THOSE THAT SIT IN HIGH PLACES.

A writer in a recent issue of the monthly magazine, Success, points the undeniable truth that nothing proclaims the virility of this republic more emphatically, nor augurs more eloquently for the stability of its future, than a study of the history of President McKinley's advisers.

Not one came from wealthy parents; not one ever knew the questionable luxury of eating the bread of idleness; not one but has painfully climbed, step by step, the ladder of fortune,—some of them unaided by friends or relatives,—until they now stand in the highest places, after the Presidency, in the gift of the people. And yet a certain element of the press continues to wail that ours is a monopoly-ridden nation, that we know no god but Mammon and that he who, without wealth seeks power and preferment in this glorious land of the free, is indeed a visionary of the most pronounced type. It is well for us to pause at times, consult present history and thereby gain a healthier and saner view.

The terms "new south" and "old south" are often misapplied. Unfortunately the old south exists along with the new. It is a dead body chained to the new south. The new south is represented by a most promising and commercial manufacturing development; the old south by a political machine constructed of prejudices forty years old. There should be a new political south to meet and support the new commercial south, and it is for this that the South-Carolina political free-lance, Senator McLaurin and his followers are contending

Prominent statesmen are discussing the question, What does the Democratic party stand for? The answer may be, Because it has no place to lay its head.

SWEET HARMONY.

The Morganton Herald, apropos of the rejection of its candidate for the position of superintendent of the pen and the appointment of Mr J. T. Mann of Hyde to the said office, furnishes us with the following spicy article in which the reader is given a slight inkling of the conditions at present existing behind the political curtain:

"The present State administration seems to be as much afraid of the West as the Old Harry is of holy water. The Westerner stands as much chance as a wooden-legged man at a kicking bee. He could no more reach an appointment than a fellow without toe-nails could climb out of Hades. The East is in the saddle; the West is in the soup.

"Yet for twenty-five years, at every election, they have been crying like a spanked baby for us to come down and pull the nigger off them. Well we've always gone. The nigger didn't hurt us. We gave up our free county government in answer to their prayers. Out of pure brotherly sympathy the Western Democracy burdened itself with conditions unsuited to the mountains, rended its ranks, subjected its candidates to defeat, submitted to a hurtful election law, and supported an amendment which was not worth a dried-apple durn to the West—all for the benefit of our Eastern brethren. In return for all this we are allowed the luxury of naming a man in order to have him slapped in the face.

"We beg respectfully to inform the East that we have mountain men—and they were not in the last Legislature either—who are no whit inferior to any body in the land, and that we have played second fiddle at this frolic long enough."

THE AFTER-MATH OF THE ANTI-CANTEEN AGITATION.

The result of the abolition of the army canteen, the soldiers social club which in former days offered the sole break in the monotony of camp life, in the interest of temperance seems to bear out the prophesy of the army officers made at the time of the anti-canteen agitation. With the abolition of the canteen the boy in blue has turned to the saloon-proper and the proprietors thereof are reaping a rich harvest. We quote the following from a recent Chicago dispatch which appeared in one of our state dailies as a pertinent instance of this seemingly misguided effort at reform:

"May 11th was the third pay-day at Fort Sheridan since the abolition of the army canteen. About nine hundred men received for the first time a full month's pay including six companies of the Twenty-ninth United States Infantry and about one hundred and fifty members of the Ninth Field Battery of Artillery. The average of each man was $13, and it was estimated that $12,000 was disbursed.

By three o'clock in the afternoon every man had received his month's allowance, and the thoroughfares leading to neighboring saloons were thronged. At Highwood the wildest scenes of debauchery were enacted in the history of the post."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., May 17, 1901.

President McKinley's decision to abandon the rest of his trip on account of Mrs. McKinley's illness, and return to Washington as soon as the physicians think she is well enough to stand the journey, caused no surprise in Washington, where everybody knows the devotion of the President to his semi-invalid wife. As soon as her breakdown was announced the abandonment of the trip was expected. The members of the Cabinet in Washington deeply sympathize with the President, and with Secretary Long, whose daughter is ill at Colorado Springs, where she has been living a year or two, and Secretary Gage has an added cause for sorrow in the recent death of Mrs. Gage.

Secretary Root has issued orders to all the heads of bureaus in the War Department to reduce their clerical force to a peace basis as rapidly as possible, as it is his intention to dispense with all employes on what is known as the "temporary roll," which was established to handle the increased clerical work of the department caused by the Spanish war and kept up by the revolt in the Philippines, by the close of the present fiscal year, of which only six weeks remain.

Ohio republicans have been aroused to indignation at what they resent as misrepresentation of Gov. Nash in recent publications. One of them—Mr. W. O. Tolford, whose home is in Columbus—said: "Two nonsensical stories have been circulated about Gov. Nash. As for the stories of Gov. Nash having been piqued because of lack of attention in California, no one who is acquinted with the man will believe them. He is most unassuming, dislikes ceremonies and participation in functions, and is about the last person who would complain because President McKinley had been the chief attraction to the exclusion of himself."

Senator Hanna is inclined to treat his latest boom for the republican Presidential nomination as merely a bit of friendliness on the part of Perry Heath, Secretary of the Republican National Committee, who started it in an interview given in London and at once cabled over here. His invariable reply to all attempts to interview him on the subject is, "I am not a candidate for the Presidency," and he always makes it laughingly.

TO NON-SUBSCRIBERS.

If you are not a subscriber but have received this number of THE NORTH CAROLINIAN you may know that we have decided to present you with a months subscription to this paper free of charge. Examine carefully the copies which you receive during this period. If you find our paper what we represent it to be, a bright, clean, newsy, progressive local sheet, then give us your name as a permanent subscriber. Remember that the local press is a community's most valuable public institution, and that the best results can be reaped therefrom only when the community gives to it its hearty support. For thirty-two years THE CAROLINIAN has worked and labored for every public enterprise that the community now enjoys, has kept its pages clean, and has consistently advocated those principles which in its judgment made for the betterment of city, state and nation. We have not pleased all men. We know of no newspaper that has, and, as the only Republican voice in a wilderness of Democracy, we have been slighted by some who seemed to be afraid to hear more than one side of the political story. Whatever your party creed, however, we are certainly one with you in our common endeavor to industrially build up the city and district and industrial up-building is the crying need of the hour

Come give us your support and if at the end of the year you are not satisfied with your investment we will refund you your subscription money—provided proof of your sanity can at the same time be conclusively shown and established.

PROGRAM OF LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE.

The approaching Commencement of Littleton Female College will be one of unusual interest. Below we give a copy of the program:

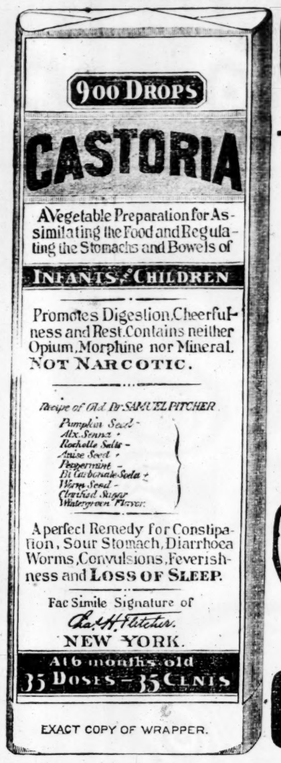
Elocution Recital—Tuesday, May 28th, at 8:30 p. m.

Annual Sermon—Wednesday 11 a. m., by Rev. James Atkins, D. D., Nashville, Tenn. Art Exhibit—Wednesday, 9.30 a. m. to 5 p. m. Anniversary address before the Missionary Society—Wednesday 8.30 p. m., by Bishop W. A. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.

Graduating Exercises — Thursday, 10.30 a. m.

Literary Address—Thursday, 11.30 a. m., by Rev. E. H. Rawlings, Portsmouth, Va.

Annual Concert–Thursday 8:30 p m.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INFANTS & CHILDREN
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At 6 months old
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In Use For Over Thirty Years

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Men and Boy's Clothing,

—SWELL LINE OF—

CHEVIOTS, SURGES,

—LATEST EFFECTS IN—

Delicate Striped Goods,

all the rage this season with up-to-date dressers, now going at

Absolute Cost.

This is no fake "ad" to attract the unwary, but a bone fide announcement of an actual condition. Its the opportunity of the season for the great unclothed. Come and price this stock for yourself and you will be astonished to see what a few dollars will purchase for you. Remember it costs nothing to inspect our line. Come early before the best of the stock has been disposed of.

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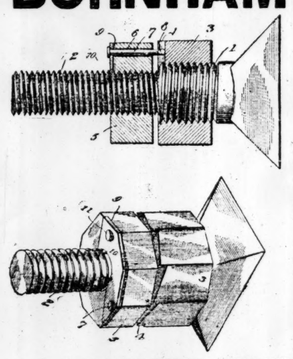
Lock or Unlock the Nut at Pleasure

and have it just as convenient to unlock as to lock the nut when you become the possessor of

BURNHAM'S NUT LOCK



I. N. BURNHAM, Inventor

This invention relates specially to that class of nut-locks employing a jam-nut for locking the main nut upon the bolt and has for its object to provide an improved interlocking engagement between the two nuts and at the same time permitting of the nuts being readily disengaged so that it may be removed from the bolt without damage to either nut or bolt

EXCELLING FEATURES OF THIS NUT-LOCK.

When the jam-nut is being screwed upon the bolt the inner beveled end of the yieldingly-mounted pawl will travel over the inclined faces of the shoulders upon the main nut, but will engage the abrupt faces of the respective shoulders, so as to prevent accidental unscrewing of the jam-nut. The two nuts may thus be locked together and as they are each fitted to reversely-threaded portions of the bolt they cannot be turned while interlocked together. By the employment of a segmental plate-spring located in a recess in the outer face of the jam-nut and extending to the outer edge, thus the spring is readily accessible to be forced outward from the face of the nut so as to withdraw the pawl from engagement with the main nut when it is desired to remove the latter from the bolt.

Another feature is this plate-spring does not present any projections which might become broken or cause accidental disengagement of the yieldingly mounted pawl. A knife blade or other suitable pointed impliment may be forced between the spring and the adjacent face of the jam-lock so as to force the spring outward and thus it is not necessary to provide a special impliment for breaking the interlocking engagement between the two nuts.

NEW FEATURES IN THIS INVENTION.

This device consists of the combination with a bolt having reversely-threaded portions and nuts fitted to the respective threaded portions, the main and inner nut having its outer face provided with ratchet shoulders, of a pawl passing loosely through an opening in the outer nut and having its inner end frictionally engaging with the ratchet-shoulder of the inner nut, and a segmental plate-spring fitted with a similarly shaped recess provided in the outer face of the outer nut, one end of the spring-plate being fitted and the opposite free and therefore being positively connected with the outer end of the pawl.

SPECIAL OPENING FOR INVESTMENT.

Every practical mechanical mind knows that it is just as desirable to have a nut that can be readily unlocked as one that will lock. This invention fully meets the demand. There are large opportunities in it

State rights for sale at terms quoted upon request. Don't delay in writing if you wish to share the profits of this invention. The business world advances only those who hustle.

These locks are now used by the Norfolk & Southern R. R and by the dredges on the Dismal Swamp Canal. They are giving satisfaction there and are proving their worth. They are insurers of safety on railroads and on all machinery subject to great strain and stress. When machinery is provided with these bolts the accidents commonly due to carelessness are impossible. Examine for yourself and be convinced.

For information apply to

I. N. BURNHAM,

South Mills, N. C.

GET IN THE BAND-WAGON!

If your stuff is as good as the other fellow's and yet he sells two to your one, it's because his advertising is better than yours. Give us your Printing—that will jar him, for he can't get anything better than the "Best"; and if he is one of our customers, you will get in on the ground floor with him anyway. Don't forget that our Job Department is the best in the district and that the posters, cards, letter heads, etc., that we turn out are revelations in the printing art.

The North Carolinian,

The Best in Printing.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are filling graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. $1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Della M. Strayer, Tully, Kan.: "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to
Lanphear & Haff
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters

Etc., Etc

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty
Agents.

N. G. GRANDY & CO.

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.
Agents for American Fertilizer Co's.
HIGH CLASS
FERTILIZERS.

Buyers of Cotton Seed. Dealers in Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Hay, Corn and Oats.

REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

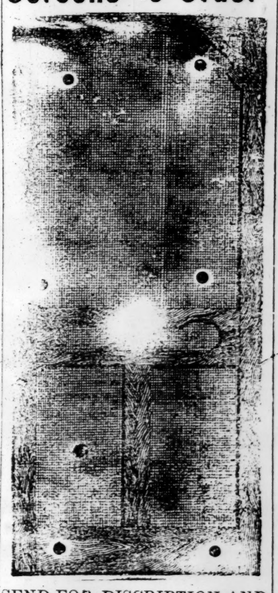
Having qualified as Executor of the late Ellen Lamb Overton, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within 12 months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JNO. H. M. BUTLER,
April 30, 1901. Executor.

SEND US YOUR

JOB WORK!

Screens to Order



SEND FOR DISCRIPTION AND PRICES TO

Kramer Bros & Co.

MANUFACTURERS,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

CATARRH WASH Two month's treatment of Catarrh of the head and nose for 50c. Best and simplest remedy ever discovered. Booklet and sample for 2 cents. ATLANTA PREPARATION CO. 113 N. PRYOR ST., ATLANTA, GA.

For Rent

Suite of offices in Carolinian Building, Main St., centrally located, one block from Court House, recently occupied as law offices by Frank Vaughan Esq. These rooms are situated on the first floor, are large and commodious, and are ideal summer offices. Terms reasonable. Apply at CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

DO YOU KNOW

THAT we are doing the grocery business of this city? We are at the present time enjoying the best grocery trade we've had for years. There must be a reason for it. Nowhere in the district will you find a more complete Grocery store. We have made a specialty of the

GROCERY

business for years. Each succeeding season finds us in better shape to please you in this line of merchandise. We are branching out—growing better and better all the time.

W. J. WOODLEY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Hathaways Have Moved

Into a store on Poindexter Street, near Main.

—LOOK FOR—

The New Jewelry Store.

It's the place to buy your Jewelry and have your watches repaired.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor; T. B. Wilson; Aldermen; M. N. Sawyer, Dr A. L. Pendleton, W M Baxter, J B Culpepper, J B Fearing, Fred Davis and Louis Anderson. Clerk and Tax Collector. R B Whitehurst Treasurer, J. B. Ferebee; Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson, A C. Fell Assistant, J C Scarborough and Wilson Brothers Police; Attorney, P W McMullan; Street Commissioner, J F Weeks; Fire Commissioners; Jas Richardson; Health Officer, Dr John B Grigg; Harbor Master, J Mellin,

Collector of Customs—Palemon Johnson.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, C W. Duke, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, H W White, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. S. Fitch, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every Sunday morning and night,

Colored—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch M W P, Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge paster; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Dr. J. B. Grigg, W. M., Dr. A. L. Pendleton, S. W.; W. C. Glover, J. W.; C. C. Barnard, S. D.; W. M. Mann J. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; J. A. Hooper Secretary; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; Louis Selig and H. Gray, Stewards; L. C. Oakley, Tiler, Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Talula Encampment No. 8; J P Simpson, C P; P D Twiddy, S. W.; T. T. Whitcomb, H.P.; H H Hayman, J. W.; H O Hill, Scribe; G W widdy, Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; J P Simpson, N G; W F Keaton, V G; H. O. Hill, Recording Secretary; R E Black, Financial Secretary; G W Twiddy, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; A C Garrett Sachem; E F Sawyer sr. Sagamore; F G Thompson, jr, Sagamore; Wesley Williams' Prophet; W Ban Goodwin, Chief of Records, R. B. White, K. of W. Meet every Thursday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Thomas E. Palmer, George D. Sherlock and W. J. F. Spence; Standard Keeper, R. B. White. J. F. Newbold, keeper of Alms House.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, J. C. Spence; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S L Sheep; Board of Education: J C Commander, Charles Reid and E V Davenport; Coroner, Dr Isaiah Fearing; County Physician, Dr A T Aydlett, Surveyor, J C Perry.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

The 20th Century **SOUVENIR POLICY** —OF— The **NEW YORK LIFE INS. Co.**

Have You **SEEN IT?**

IT'S A WONDER.

It furnishes absolute protection regardless of time, place or manner of death. Policy nonforfeitable and incontestable from date of issue.

AGENCY

Carolinian Bldg.
Elizabeth City, - - N. C.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, May 23, 1901.

IN THE SPRING TIME.

In the spring the groaning husband eats his victuals in the barn,
For his wife must clean the mansion and she doesn't care a darn;
And the yard is full of carpets and the trees are full of sheets,
And he has to live on sauer kraut, cistern water and sliced beets,
Oh, a woman's in her glory when she tears things all apart,
Piling beds and chairs and pillows in a way to break your heart.
And at night the groaning husband has to sleep upon the porch,
And he feels so plum disgusted that he can't enjoy his torch.
When the blamed old cleaning's over, then the wife is taken ill,
And it keeps her husband busted buying dope and drug and pill;
And the mansion is no cleaner than it was when she began,
But she'd slay him if he said so—and he is a prudent man.

THROUGH OUR SPECTACLES

The college orator is now in rehearsal.

The summer resort is beginning to clean house.

Business success and commercial advancement to-day, owe their progress to printers' ink.

The Annual Council of the Episcopal Church of the Diocese of East Carolina, was held at Edenton yesterday. This church was founded in 1701.

Littleton Female College has a very fine program, which we publish elsewhere, and is expecting a great Commencement. It is believed that the presence of Bishop Candler alone will attract a large number of visitors, but in addition to him there are on the program the names of two other distinguished speakers.

This is the way an Oklahoma county postmaster addressed the postoffice department recently:

"Sur i wish to notify you that on next Wednesday this offic will be shet as i am gone dear hunt. You kin fire me if you see fit, but I'll give you a pinter that I'm the only man in the nayborhood that kin rede and rite."

Large shipments of peas, cabbages and early truck are being made from this port to northern markets. One citizen, Mr. S. S. Bartlett, recently shipped 25,000 head of cabbages, receiving an average price of three cents a head therefor. This is but an indication of the possibilities open to the truckers of this section.

A Georgia exchange is responsible for this fish story—the best of the season:

"A gentleman near Durango owns a bird dog which is especially good at fetching things out of the water. In order to show a friend what the dog could do, he threw a fifty-cent piece into the water and told the dog to fetch it. The dog dived and brought back a two-pound catfish and 35 cents in change."

Greensboro is to have a public library and the subscriptions to the Greensboro Public Library now amount to $2,500. It is hoped to open the library as soon as the city hall, where rooms have been secured, is completed,—Ex.

The progressive cities of the state are on the move. Betsy should join the procession. The dear old girl needs books badly.

The people of Greensboro were up early in the morning and her public spirited citizens by their generous offer, backed by private contribution, succeeded in landing the North Carolina Press Association which has accepted the invitation to meet there this year. Remember, O lords of the sanctum, you are, figuratively speaking, our oyster for 1902, and we assure you in advance of a generous reception and hospitable treatment in our little city when that good time doth roll around.

Burglars who raided the home of a man name Dovle, at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., recently, took all the silver, ate a square meal in the kitchen, stole a new $5 hat from the hall tree, and in its place left an old derby, to which was pinned this stanza:

The children of the Lord
Have a right to shout and sing;
The way is growing brighter
And our souls are on the wing.
We are marching gayly onward
To the palace of the king,
Glory to God, hallelujah.

If the Czar and Emperor William hear of this it will probably be more difficult than ever to keep them from giving way to nervous prostration.—Ex.

The Surfman's Mutual Benefit Association of the Seventh Life Saving District is to meet in annual session in this city on Tuesday, June 11th. One of the objects of the conclave will be the discussion of the advisability of amending the Constitution and By-laws of the organization, so as to make it a National Association and take in members from every Life Saving District in the United States. The citizens of the city have made extensive preparations to entertain these noble guardians of our coast in a manner most befitting their deserts. Oratory, music and banqueting will add to the joviality of the occasion and the liberty of the city is theirs. In behalf of the town the Carolinian extends to them the hand of welcome and good-fellowship.

Through the efforts of Congressman John H. Small, an agent of the Postoffice department was recently in Greenville, investigating the feasibility of several rural free delivery routes petitioned for, to start from that place. Four routes have been laid out, and will probably go into operation within the next month. These routes average about twenty-two miles in length, and the four will serve an estimated population of from five to six thousand people, most of whom now have to go from five to eight miles for their mail.

The carriers will make a daily trip (Sundays excepted), will collect and deliver mail and will sell stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards and newspaper wrappers, besides registering letters and receiving applications for money orders.

The tremendous growth of the rural free delivery system has already made it one of the most important branches of the postal service. The first experimental appropriation for the system was made by Congress in 1895, and amounted to but $10,000, whereas, the appropriation available July 1, 1901, is $3,500,000.

There are now in operation in the United States about 4,000 routes, while some ten thousand petitions for the service are now on file with the Postoffice Department.

The system is not only a convenience to the farmers by bringing their mail daily to their doors, but serves as a means of education for their children.

The Greenville routes are the first ones laid out in the First Congressional district.—News & Observer.

The Edenton Courier says that the Fish Hatchery will run only a few days longer owing to the fact that all the seines have been cut off. Nearly one hundred and fifty million of eggs have been hatched this season, seventy millions have been furnished by Dr. Capehart from his fishery at Avoca.

We are also informed that a million diminutive shad have been sent to Pollocksville by the U. S. Fish Commission to be turned loose in the waters there. We are pleased to note any evidence of the encouragement of this industry which means so much to the Albemarle section.

IN MEMORIAM.

At about the hour of midnight, Monday evening, the 20th, Miss Helen Wadsworth Martin, the vivacious, bright, beautiful, noble-hearted and well-beloved daughter of Mrs. Col. William F. Martin, at the untimely age of twenty-six, freed from earths bonds, set forth on that mysterious, final, and inevitable journey into the unknown bourn, the journey that awaits all of life's pilgrims. Her death comes as a shock, an awful shock, to the whole community—a community in which she was so universally and deservedly loved and honored. Her sickness, though painful, was a brief one. In her sudden taking off grim fate gives us another sad illustration of the heart-chilling truth that in the midst of life we are in death.

On Wednesday the 15th she was happy, joyous and seemingly in the best of health. On Thursday the chill finger of the dread visitor was first laid upon her and Friday evening found her unable to receive in person a party of friends whom she had invited to her home to do honor to two young ladies, at that time her guests. By Monday it was realized, that for her, the fatal call had come. Everything that medical science could do was done. An eminent surgeon from Norfolk was called out on a special train Monday evening, but could suggest no other treatment than that which was already being pursued.

That of the dead nothing shall be said but good is a principle hallowed by age and sanctified by custom. But this is one of the few cases in which there is no need of its saving grace. Of her who has just departed nothing but good can be said. Let us not attempt the mockery of empty phrases. There is a time when words are too weak to express the feelings of the heart. As a daughter, a sister and a friend her name will be cherished by some of us as long as memory shall endure. A sweet, pure and gentle nature is with us no longer.

"But though she has fled the strife,
Yet the house of Earth will seem more sweet
For the perfume of her life."

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 4:48 and will set to-night at 7:04.—Mrs. R. O. Crisp entertained a party of friends with a delightful sail last Thursday afternoon.—Dr. W. J. Lumsden was appointed a delegate by Gov. C. B. Aycock to the American Congress on Tuberculosis. Dr. D. T. Taylor of Washington was also a delegate.—The editor expresses his regret at having missed Mr. Richard Battle, of the News & Observer staff, who dropped in at the sanctum during the week just passed.—The large steamer Hatteras has been on Scott's Ways for repairs during the week. Our marine railways are a credit to the city and are capable of dry-docking the largest crafts that ply in the these waters.—A barrel, box and crate factory has been put into active operation in the Lathrop building. The daily output will be from 700 to 1,000 barrels. It is a branch of the Norfolk Barrel Company. Another branch is situated at Moyock. The combined product of the entire plant is about 3,000 barrels per day, besides a large number of crates and boxes. Messrs. Joseph Tarault and Norton, of Detroit are the proprietors. They already have on hand orders for nearly two hundred thousand barrels.

Dis worl' is gwine ter Jedgmint—
Don't keer what de sinners say;
You better be choppin' cotton—
You better be makin' hay!
Dis worl' is gwine ter Jedgmint—
Don't keer what de sinners say.

—We understand that our neighboring city of Berkley recently had a $1,000 public street sprinkler installed in that burg. It is reported to be giving complete satisfaction and is proving quite a boon to the dust-choked citizens. It is well worth the dollars, Mr. Aldermen! well worth the dollars!—The ferry question is again being agitated in the columns of our local contemporaries. The point at issue being the desirability or non-desirability of the construction of a free-ferry to Camden entering the city at the foot of Matthews St, near the market.—The editor's friend, Maj. J W. Greene, of Alexandria, Va., gave him a genial call the other day. He manifests a deep interest in Elizabeth City. His visits are always appreciated.—Rev. R. C. Beaman, of this city, will deliver the commencement address at Greensboro Female College, on May the 28th. We can assure our friends of Greensboro of an oratorical treat.—We see the statement made that the estate of the late J. W. Sharber is valued at $65,000, all of his property was left to his widow and his son, save the store on Fearing street, this was given to Miss Markham, who resided with his family at the time of his death.—It is reported that the present owners of the Park are endeavoring to form a company to be known as the Albemarle Fish and Agricultural Association. The object is to hold a Fair here in October. If conducted along progressive lines and given a hearty support by the local business world, (?) a thing which our previous Fairs failed to receive, it will prove not only advantageous from an educational standpoint but also of great value in advertising and developing the resources of the city and district.—Hart, billed as a laugh-producer and dealer in mysteries, is advertised to appear at the Academy of Music for a four night stand beginning Wednesday the 22nd.—Mrs. G. W. Ward gave a delightful reception at her home on upper Main St. Monday afternoon in honor of her visiting neice, Mrs. William Henry Vodrey of Pennsylvania who was spending a few days of her bridal tour in our burg. Mrs. Vodrey, formerly Miss Kelly, has visited in this city before and has many friends here. Delicious refreshments were served.—During the severe electrical storms of last week our street lights went off duty as usual leaving the town in inky darkness. One of the electric wires falling upon the phone wires also resulted in the burning out of several phone-boxes in private dwellings.——The voice of the base-ball rooter is now loud in the land and almost any afternoon Prof. Tilett's and the A. C. I.'s sprouts of learning can be heard batting the sphere and shouting like pandemonium let loose on the Baxter field at the upper end of Fearing St.—We are glad to hear that Mrs. W. H. Zoeller and little daughter, whose illness was recently reported, are now rapidly convalescing at their home on Martin St.—The Methodists of this city are making arrangements to give an excursion to Virginia Beach on the 29th of this month. Round trip ticket, $1.—

Papers financial don't phase me—
Never git shocked at the news;
Never lost nuthin' in Wall street:
Never had nuthin' to lose!

—The Bishop of the diocese officiated at the Episcopal Church Sunday. Confirmation was at the same time administered to Miss Elizabeth Griffin. The Bishop in appropriate words expressed his pleasure at once more being able to meet his parishoners here. The usual services were conducted at the other churches. During the week just passed Mr. Black, the Evangelist, occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian Church nightly before large audiences. He is an impassioned and earnest pleader and his heart seemed to be in his work. The revival work will still continue under the auspices of the Rev. H. W. White.—The city finance committee has filed its report for the eleven months ending May 6th, 1901. The out-standing bonded debt is $30,000, twenty for street improvements and ten for the canal fund. Revenues derived amount to $16,638.07. The floating debt of $5,662.10 has been reduced to the sum of $1,023.52.—The handsome three-story brick store and office building to be constructed on the corner of Main and Water Sts, is now well under way. The exterior is to be of light-colored pressed-brick with granite trimmings. When completed it will be one of the most handsome structures of its kind in the state. Mr. J. B. Flora is the owner of the property and is the one who is having the building erected. Our recent big fire seems to have been a blessing in disguise after all.—Sharber & White are moving into their new quarters on Main St.—Solicitor Ward and Mr. Everett Thompson are off on a pleasure trip to New York and other northern points.—The business of distilling the juice of the corn into fire-water, it is said, will soon be begun at a place about three miles from town. A large distillery will be there established.—Tuesday and Wednesday crowds of the curious were attracted to Weisel's window, where a man in a hypnotic sleep was on exhibition as an advertisement of the skill of Hart, the man of magic who is now occupying the local boards—The funeral of Miss Helen Martin, who died at her home on Church St, Monday night from an accute attack of peritonitis, took place yesterday afternoon. The major portion of the community attended the simple services at Christ Church to do honor to her memory and on that occasion many an eye was wet to which tears had long been a stranger. The pall-bearers were, W. T. Old, C. W. Melick, G. R. Little, P. W. McMullan, J. T. McCabe, M. R. Griffin, C. W. Hollowell and James Hathaway. The floral offerings were beautiful and profuse.

FULMER & WHITEHURST

(Successors to Fulmer & Co.,)

Have increased their assortment of the choicest Fruits, Confections, cakes, Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince-meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We will appreciate a share of your trade. Our prices are right and we can please you.

Telephone 17.

M. B. Culpepper. J. B. Culpepper

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

—DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy **Groceries**

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Streets.

We keep on hand the best selected Groceries, Confectionaries and Fruits. Country Produce bought and sold.

Free delivery of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

The Colored Column.

By Special Reporter.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Mrs. Jennie Brockett who has been North for several months returned home Saturday.

Miss Fannie O. Newby of the State Normal School, Goldsboro, is at home visiting her parents here.

Mr. C. M. Midgett returned last week from Manteo where he has been re-employed at an increased salary to conduct a school in District No 1, beginning next month.

The last debate of the State Normal Lyceum will be held tomorrow evening. An interesting question is to be discussed and an evening's entertainment is promised.

Bishop A Walters, D. D., presiding Bishop of the Virginia Conference preached a very able sermon at Mt. Lebanon Church Friday evening last.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Roanoke Missionary Baptist Association met near Edenton on Tuesday. This is one of the largest religious bodies in this part of the State, having a membership of over twenty thousand. Several persons from our town are in attendance.

Prof. P. W. Moore, the efficient Superintendent of the State Normal School of this city has been invited to attend and deliver an address before the Annual Convention of the International Industrial Business Union of America, West Indies and Canada, which meets in Concord, this state, July 4, 1900.

The tenth annual Commencement of the Elizabeth City State Normal School will take place next week according to an interesting program that has been issued. The lack of space compels us to omit same.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Candy Cathartic **Cascarets** **CURE CONSTIPATION** Regulate liver and bowels, cure sick headache, never sicken, weaken or gripe. Eat Cascarets like candy. 10c, 25c, 50c. All druggists. Sample free. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York

Normal and Industrial Institute,

Agricultural and Mechaninal.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

TRADES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. STRONG LITERARY COURSE.

Address J. H. M. BUTLER, Prin.

WANTED.—Capable and reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; $936 salary per year, payable weekly; $3 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. Jly 11

Stop A Minute!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made inthis section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N C.

Melick.

MATTINGS.

New Goods. New Patterns. Good values.

CARPETS.

We offer you every advantage of a $5,000.00 stock with our new line of samples.

WALL PAPER.

We offer a large and carefully selected stock. The styles are new and the prices right. Inspect our line and compare it with any in the market. Samples mailed out of town or sample books sent in town on request.

CURTAIN POLES.

Brass trimmed; wood trimmed; Oak, Mahogany and fancy colors.

The little Cottage Poles are very popular and we offer them in Oak, Mahogany and White, 2 for 25c.

WINDOW CURTAINS.

A variety of qualities, colors and styles. Prices below competition, for example a full sized linen curtain, fringed at 25c.

P. W. Melick

CALL UPON

Standard **PHARMACY**

—FOR—

Pure Drugs

CHOICE CIGARS

Stationery and Toilet Articles.

Prescriptions a Specialty

POINDEXTER ST. (NEAR CENTRAL HOTEL.)

THOS. C. JONES, R. HENRY RAPER, WALTER S. CARTWRIGHT.

JONES, RAPER & Co

Our stock is now in and opened and we are ready for business. We have one of the nicest and finest stocks of

Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Gents' Furnishing Goods

That has ever been brought to Elizabeth City. Every department full of novelties, rich in quality and style. We are sure that we can please you because we keep the best.

Our Principle **Fair Dealing With All.**

Collections Made

Mortgages, Bonds, Deeds and Bills of Sale drawn, Loans negotiated.

Apply to R. P. JENKINS, Carclinian Bldg. Elizabeth City, N. C

Eat and be Merry

We make our business a profession, and can tell you something you don't know about

GROCERIES

We keep everything you want, and a great many things you don't wan't, but if you will let us tell you about them you will want them. We can price you goods at other people's prices, and give you a liberal discount. Come to see us and we will explain all this to you. We are always busy, but find time to give you attention.

LOVE, EVANS & Co.

WATER ST. (No. 32 and 34.) ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE STORE AND THE SEASON

Now is buying time and wearing time and our Store of merchandise fully represents the most of the most seasonable goods in the completest of kinds and varieties.

Throughout all Departments varieties are seen which add to choosing advantages not previously enjoyed trading in any of Elizabeth City's stores. Such advantages, coupled with others representing the better methods of storekeeping, will prove to you that this organization merits the patronage and confidence of the trading public. A tour of the Store reveals many instances of underpricing which will add considerable saving to the pleasure of trading this week. Notably these:

Imported Dress Pattern Pieces

These exclusive novelties, representing the highest class Dress materials, are all offered at one-fourth less than last week's prices.

Guaranteed TAFFETA SILK 98c the yard

That's a store card which tells of price and quality unusualness concerning Taffeta Silk. Note the word "guaranteed."

Our stores are chock full of bargains that appeal to the lovers of good dress but it would be folly to endeavor to enumerate them all.

Men AND Boy's Clothing

Men's suits worth $3.50, new stores price $1.98.
Men's suits worth $6.00, new stores price $3.25.

SHOES, $1.25, worth $1.75.

Nothing shoddy about them either. But come and see for yourself. Seeing is believing and you are assured of courteous attention whether you buy or not.

MOSES WEISEL.

18, 20, 22 and 24 Main St.

Solved an American Problem.

J. Rivers-Bennett, M. D., F. R. C. S., and ar. assistant surgeon in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, is on a tour of the United States. He was at the Ebbitt House, seated in the gentlemen's waiting room, watching, however, not the passing pageant on the street, but the quiet show inside. He was evidently amused. "By Jove!" he ejaculated, "it is a queer custom, but I believe I have got at the root of it." When asked what he considered a queer custom, he pointed to the row of men with their feet on the rail just inside the front windows.

"I could not for the life of me understand why you do it, at first, but I am beginning to have a desire to elevate my own heels, and I surmise that the influence has begun to work on me. I think I have discovered a physiological reason for your custom. You lift up your feet to let more blood flow into your brain. You work at such high pressure that the ordinary blood supply is not sufficient to keep your thinking machine going at the speed at which you wanted it to go. If you keep this habit up I can see that, by the natural process of evolution, you will become a nation of people with big heads and small feet."—Washington Times.

Colombia and Venezuela.

Colombia and Venezuela are poor, their resources sapped by continual revolutions, and hence they are unable to take part in the coming Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. The Colombian revolution has cost, since it began in October, 1899, something like $100,000,000, and the chief business of the country have been injured seriously. In Venezuela the Government only spends money in the purchase of arms and ammunition. People who complain of a strong and efficient Government, which demonstrates that it can make a country contented and keep the peace, might do well to look at the sad spectacle of demoralization and business ruin in the two most northern republics in South America.—Modern Mexico.

Nottingham is the richest town in England. It has established the only university college maintained by the municipality.

A Fable and Its Moral.

A Man once collided with an Opportunity. "Why don't you look where you are going?" growled the Man "You don't seem to recognize me,' said the Opportunity. "No, and I don't care to. You have trodden on my corns," replied the Man as he limped away. Moral: Don't believe the people who say they have never had a chance.—Philadelphia Record.

All goods are alike to PUTNAM FADELESS DYES, as they color all fibers at one boiling Sold by all druggists.

Efforts are being made in Raleigh, N. C., to have the city buy and preserve the boyhood home of Andrew Johnson.

Imitations of American products are being sold in Sweden in large quantities.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease,
A powder to shake into your shoes; rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

An automobile ambulance removes hurt horses from the steeplechase course at Auteuil, France.

Hoxsie's Croup Cure
Will check a cold in one hour, and cures Croup in a few minutes. 50 cents.

When the serfs were freed in Russia, the Government paid on an average $15 for 20,700,000 of them.

Frey's Vermifuge
Saves the lives of children. 25c. Druggists and country stores, or by mail. E. & S. FREY, BALTIMORE, MD.

Only three weeks are required to develop a perfect mosquito from the egg.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

A fellow doesn't have to take music lessons to sing his own praises.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

About 10,000,000 cattle are now to be found in the Argentine Republic.

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

Cape Colony has 30,000 acres of vineyards, with 90,000,000 vines.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

Even the tall cashier may be short in his accounts.

PERIODS OF PAIN.

How Three Women Found Relief.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to have been the plan of nature that woman should suffer so severely. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition which produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors.

The three letters here published should encourage every woman who suffers:

Aug. 6, 1898.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have suffered since the age of sixteen with painful menstruation. I have been treated for months, and was told that the womb had fallen a little. The doctor says that is now in place again, but I still have the same pain. Please tell me what to do."—MRS. EMMA KUEHL, 112 Trautman St., Brooklyn, E. D., N.Y.

Jan. 19, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—After receiving your reply to my letter of Aug. 6 I followed your kind advice, and am glad to tell you that I have been cured of the severe pain at time of menstruation through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken six bottles of it, felt better after the first bottle, and after a while had no more pain or womb trouble.

"I had doctored from the age of sixteen to twenty-six, and had lost all hope, but your medicine has made me well.

"I would like to have you use my testimonial, so that others may see, and be inspired with hope, and take your medicine."—MRS. EMMA KUEHL, 112 Trautman St., Brooklyn, E. D., N.Y.

Feb. 20, 1900.

"I saw your medicine so highly recommended I thought I would write to you for advice.

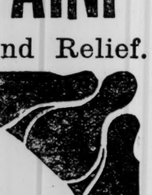
"My menstruation occurs every two weeks, lasts a week, and is painful. I have been troubled in this way for some time. I suffer from sick headache and backache all the time, appetite poor, sick at stomach every morning, everything I eat hurts me, am very weak, thin, and sallow.

"I have tried a doctor, but he did not seem to do me any good."—MISS MAGGIE POLLARD, 319 So. 4th St., Richmond, Va.

April 23, 1900.

"Since receiving your answer to my letter I have been taking your Vegetable Compound, and it has done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. My menses are all right now, and appear once a month, and I feel so much stronger. I shall always praise your medicine."—MISS MAGGIE POLLARD, 319 So. 4th St., Richmond, Va.

"I was troubled with female weakness, irregular and painful menstruation, and leucorrhœa. The doctor's medicine did me no good. I have taken one bottle and a half of your Vegetable Compound, and thanks to your medicine, my pains are gone. I advise all women suffering as I have to use your Vegetable Compound."—EMMA J. PRIBBLE, Indianola, Ill.



If there is anything about your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. No man will see your letter. She can surely help you, for no person in America has such a wide experience in treating female ills as she has had. She has helped hundreds of thousands of women back to health. Her address is Lynn Mass., and her advice is free. You are very foolish if you do not accept her kind invitation.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Detroit, Mich., has 3,721,717 square yards of wooden block pavement.

SIXTY DOLLARS'
Worth of staple goods free to one intelligent man or woman in every county of the U. S. Write quick. New Jersey Mfr. Co. (Incorp.), Jersey City, N. J.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder
Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Department 12, Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatme.t Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga

"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS.—NY 20

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Radway's Pills
Purely vegetable, mild and reliable Regulate the Liver and Digestive organs The safest and best medicine in the world for the

CURE
of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS. By so doing

DYSPEPSIA,
Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Biliousness will be avoided, as the food that is eaten contributes its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

Price, 25 cts. per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., N. Y.

GUARDED BY ARMED MEN

Irate Parents' Threat to Take Daughter From Husband by Force.

ELOPERS' HOME IN STATE OF SIEGE

The Young People Are Hero and Heroine of Two Elopements and a Thrilling Rescue of the Bride From Her Former Home—Bridegroom Arrested on a Charge of Kidnaping, But Released.

Bristol, Ill.—Seven men, armed with shotguns, rifles and revolvers, guard the residence of George C. Hunt and his bride, the hero and heroine of two elopements and of a thrilling rescue of the girl from her irate parents.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Walker sent word that they would arrive with an attacking force sufficient to take their daughter, dead or alive, from her young husband. But the expected attacking party did not appear.

The whole village is ready to rally to the defence of the place, for the sympathy of all here is with George Hunt and his young bride.

George Hunt had been paying court to Charlotte King since her mother and stepfather, W. H. Walker, settled on a farm near Oswego, in Bristol Township. A few days ago the couple eloped to Geneva, in Kane County, and were married. On their return home they found a constable waiting to arrest the bridegroom on a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Walker, charging him with kidnaping, and he was taken before Justice Ely, at Evanston, only to be discharged.

During the hearing, however, the bride was spirited away by her parents. Hunt had a fruitless search until he learned that his bride was held prisoner at the home of her parents. He determined upon a rescue and, in company with his brother-in-law, C. Harry Eccles, drove to the Walker farm. During a parley in the yard with Mr. and Mrs. Walker, the bride slipped out of a side door and fled down the road, being joined at once by her husband.

Eccles attempted to cover their retreat, whereupon he was set upon by the Walkers and a negro farm hand. The woman plied a horsewhip and the negro finally felled Eccles with a stone. The fallen man regained his buggy and drove back to Aurora. He is able to be around, despite his treatment. In the meantime Hunt and his bride had reached a neighbor's, and were driven by them to his home in this town.

The Walkers appeared there shortly after and demanded their daughter, but she refused to go, and the furious parents were denied admittance to the house. Later two of their servants appeared and renewed the demand, and leaving word that the Walkers would come in force and take their daughter, dead or alive.

Acting on legal advice the Hunts summoned their clans and prepared for defence. While no attacks were made, Mrs. Walker is furious and sent word that she will never relinquish her attempts to regain possession of her daughter.

The young bride declares that she will never go back, and Hunt's friends are determined that she shall not.

PRESIDENT ABANDONS TOUR.

Will Return to Washington as Soon as Mrs. McKinley's Health Permits.

San Francisco, Cal.—Secretary Cortelyou, Wednesday, gave out the following statement:

"Mrs. McKinley's serious illness compels the President to abandon his proposed visit to other States, to which he had looked forward with so much pleasure. As soon as Mrs. McKinley's health will permit he will return to Washington by the most direct route."

The gravity of Mrs. McKinley's condition has been known to the members of the President's immediate party for several days, but had been concealed in the belief that she would rally, as she had done so frequently in the past when suffering from one of her periods of depression, and with a few days of absolute rest be restored to normal condition. But her present illness has been attended with entirely new complications, which have not yielded to treatment, and the President concluded that it was time the public should be apprised of the true situation.

President McKinley's decision to abandon the rest of his tour was not made until after the most careful determination, and it was only taken because the physicians considered the presence of the President at the bedside of Mrs. McKinley indispensable for several weeks to come.

GENERAL HOFFMAN DROPS DEAD.

He Was Talking With General Roe When Attacked With Heart Disease.

Albany, N. Y.—Adjutant-General Hoffman dropped dead while in consultation with Major-General Roe. He was in the hotel Ten Eyck talking with General Roe on the strike, when he felt a slight faintness and went to his room. Mr. Rennie, one of the clerks in the hotel, went up with him to his room. The General said: "I feel a lightness about my heart. Please telephone Dr. Davis."

Mr. Rennie went to the room telephone and the General sank down in a chair. Before Mr. Rennie could hang up the receiver General Hoffman was dead. The physician who responded pronounced heart disease the cause of death. General Roe and General Oliver were much affected.

The body was taken to Elmira under military escort.

$6,000,000 Tannery Combine.

Seven tanneries in Allegheny County, Penn., have been optioned, together with a number in other parts of the country, until August 5, before which time a consolidation will be effected with a capital of $6,000,000.

A Record For Grain Shipment.

The record for grain shipment from Boston was broken the previous week by the eleven vessels which have sailed from Boston for European ports. The total shipments exceeded 1,500,000 bushels.

Newsy Gleanings

The comet seen at Lima, Peru, had two tails.

Alabama is third among the six leading coke-producing States.

The waters of the Province of Ontario, Canada, will be extensively restocked with fish this spring.

Honolulu is keeping up with the trade procession of the day. It is to have a $2,000,000 packing house establishment.

The Mexican Government is giving encouragement to those undertaking the cultivation of grapes and silk worms.

Timber experts say that California alone has a capacity of lumber in her standing forests of over 100,000,000,000 cubic feet.

The municipal budget of Havana, Cuba, for the current year amounts to $2,300,000, which is $600,000 in excess of that of 1900.

A United States Naval Board has recommended the substitution of wireless telegraphy for the present system of carrier pigeons.

Excluding 62,000 small craft, the commerce of the world is carried on by 45,000 vessels, with a carrying power of 48,000,000 tons.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

It was announced that Chile has accepted the invitation to take part in the forthcoming Pan-American Congress.

James R. Garfield, son of the former President, was admitted to practice before the United States Supreme Court.

Charles M. Schwab, President of the Steel Trust, told the Industrial Commission the great combination will be beneficial to all classes.

An employe of the Insular Division of the War Department was dismissed for attempting to sell confidential information in the Neely case.

An agreement signed at the State Department extends for one year the commercial treaty with Denmark.

Minister Conger arrived in Washington, and will confer with State Department officials regarding the situation in China.

On April 1 the attendance at the regular Indian schools in the country was 25,860, showing the largest annual increase in ten years.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Captain A. U. Betts, of the Forty-seventh Infantry, was appointed Civil Governor of Albay Province, P. I.

Attorney-General Harlan, of Porto Rico, decided that cock-fighting is illegal.

A mail contract between Honolulu and the United States was given the Hawaiian Navigation Company.

Precautions to save Aguinaldo from assassination are being taken by the authorities in Manila.

Porto Rican customs for April show a decrease. The receipts for the island in March were $87,758; in April they were $84,128; exports in March amounted to $1,149,574; in April they were $979,702.

The Philippine Commission favors making Manila a Federal city, and Provost-General Davis is preparing a scheme of municipal government.

DOMESTIC.

"Count" Mitkiewicz, the noted schemer and promoter, died at Asbury Park, N. J., of heart disease, aged fifty-five years.

The Supreme Court of Vermont declared unconstitutional the State law requiring dealers from outside the State to take out a license and file bonds before doing business in Vermont.

A premature explosion of blasting powder at Champion, Mich., killed one man and seriously injured seven.

Senator Quay, at a celebration in his honor, said in Philadelphia that he would retire from office at the end of his term.

The Twenty-sixth Infantry, U. S. V., was mustered out at the Presidio, San Francisco, Cal.

Mrs. Mabel Haines, of Mount Holly, N. J., must face a murder charge, having been indicted by the Grand Jury, accused of killing her stepchild.

A half million dollars was paid for the First Methodist Church, of Cleveland, Ohio, the site being wanted for an office building.

Two murderers were sentenced to be hanged and one to imprisonment for ninety-nine years at Santa Fe, N. M.

An unexploded shot struck while drilling in the Pleasant Valley mines, at Carthage, Mo., killed Charles Clabaugh and William Morrison.

A boiler explosion at Lead, S. D., killed one man and injured several.

A monster schooner is being built at Boston. It is to be the largest one afloat, costing $150,000, and having six masts.

Twenty-five thousand dollars was given by William B. Leeds, tin-plate magnate, to the Home for Aged Women at Richmond, Ind.

The total bank deposits in Ohio are now $163,539,055.30, a gain in a year of $39,552,602.84.

Seven counts charging James Callahan, alleged to be one of the abductors of young Cudahy, with perjury on his late trial were filed at Omaha, Neb.

The Thirty-second Volunteer Infantry was mustered out at San Francisco, Cal.

President McKinley and his party arrived in California, being met at Redlands and welcomed to the State by Governor Gage.

Fire destroyed several cotton warehouses in Augusta, Ga., causing a loss of about $160,000.

FOREIGN.

A dispatch from General Gaselee, Commander of British troops in China, praises American officers.

A detachment of the South Waziri Militia was fired on by unknown persons, near Simla, India. Three of the Waziris were killed and two were wounded.

The Chinese plenipotentiaries, at Pekin, accepted the amount of indemnity demanded by the Powers and propose to pay the first of the thirty instalments of $10,500,000 in July, 1902.

Six thousand persons were made homeless in Austria by the burning of three villages.

An avalanche in the Italian Alps killed eight laborers.

British reinforcements are still going to South Africa, and the War Office is not suspending its active preparations for a continuance of the war.

A bomb was exploded against the palace of the Archbishop, at Malta, doing no serious damage.

The German Reichstag adjourned until November 28.

Count Esterhazy, in affidavits made in Brussels, admits being the author of the bordereau in the Dreyfus case.

The Italian Finance Ministry expected a surplus of $8,000,000.

General Pole-Carew, at a banquet in London, said the Boers at the beginning of the war had it in their power to drive the British to Durban and Cape Town.

The American troops who remain at Pekin, China, compose the legation guard, which is to be permanently retained.

The Government of Ecuador, desirous of maintaining cordial relations with Peru, abolished its obnoxious frontier establishments.

A revolt was started in two districts of Santo Domingo.

American capitalists may be asked by China to subscribe its indemnity loan.

Joseph Parton, seventy years old, was arrested, charged with deliberately cremating his five children in his home at Parry Sound, Ont.

F. S. Schreiner, brother of former premier of Cape Colony, dropped dead at a meeting of Free Masons in London.

King Victor Emmanuel, at Rome, signed a decree placing Baron Fava, the Italian Ambassador to the United States, on the retired list.

A Rio Janeiro newspaper comments on the danger of German colonization in Southern Brazil.

The Duke of Cornwall and York opened the first session of the Australian Federation Parliament, at Melbourne, in a splendid spectacle.

It is announced in Buenos Ayres, Argentina, that Chile is fortifying the Strait of Magellan.

Germany is trying to persuade the mid-European States to form a tariff union against American competition.

It is stated that Korea has bought from Japan 10,000 rifles and 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2¼c. per quart.

BUTTER.

Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@	$ 19
Firsts	18	@	18½
Seconds	17	@	17½
State dairy tubs, extra	—	@	18
Imitation creamery	13	@	17
Factory finest	—	@	13
Low grades	11	@	12

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, fancy	8¼	@	8½
Small	—	@	8¾
Part skims, good to prime	4½	@	5
Full skims	1	@	1¼

EGGS.

Jersey—Fancy	14	@	15
State and Penn	14	@	15
Western—Choice	13½	@	14
Southern—Choice	13	@	13½

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900	2 50	@	2 55
Medium	2 10	@	2 15
Pea, choice	2 07½	@	2 10
Red kidney, choice	2 00	@	2 05
White kidney, choice	2 15	@	2 20
Yellow eye	2 60	@	2 65
Lima, Cal	4 20	@	4 25
Green peas, bags	1 15	@	1 20

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl.	3 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, per bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Roxbury, per bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Strawberries, per qt	7	@	18
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00	@	9 00

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, per lb	—	@	11
Spring chickens, per pair	40	@	75
Roosters, per lb	—	@	7
Turkeys, per lb	—	@	8
Ducks, per pair	70	@	80
Geese, per pair	90	@	1 00
Pigeons, per pair	25	@	40

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb	7	@	9
Capons, per lb	13	@	16
Fowls, Western, per lb	7	@	10½
Broilers, Phila., per lb	25	@	35
Ducks, per lb	12	@	12½
Geese, per lb	9½	@	10
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 50

HOPS.

State, 1900, choice, per lb.	19	@	21
1899, prime	12	@	14
1899, medium	8	@	12
Pacific coast—1900, choice	18	@	19
1899, poor to choice	9	@	15

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, per 100 lb	92½	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb	87½	@	90
No. 2, per 100 lb	82½	@	85
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	—	@	80
Straw, long rye	90	@	95

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Western, per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
State, per sack	1	@	1 60
Sweets, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Onions—N. O., per bag		@	1 25
N. O., per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Egyptian, per bag	2 00	@	2 25
Cabbages, per bbl	1 00	@	1 25
Turnips, per bbl	75	@	80
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 25	@	2 50
String beans, per crate	1 25	@	3 00
Egg plant, per box	1 50	@	3 00
Peppers, per carrier	1 00	@	1 25
Celery, per case	1 00	@	2 00
Lettuce, per basket	50	@	60
Beets, per 100 bunches	3 00	@	6 00
Spinach, per bbl	50	@	1 00
Squash, per crate	1 00	@	1 25
Peas, per basket	40	@	1 00
Kale, per bbl	—	@	75
Carrots, per 100 bunches	3 00	@	4 00
Radishes, per 100 bunches	50	@	75
Parsley, per 100 bunches	1 00	@	3 00
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches	1 50	@	2 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter patents	3 65	@	4 00
Spring patents	3 90	@	4 20
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	82¼
No. 2 red	—	@	82½
Corn—No. 2	50⅝	@	52⅛
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	34
Track mixed	32½	@	34½
Rye—Western	61	@	61½
State	55	@	56
Lard, city	—	@	7.70c.

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	7½	@	8¾
Calves, city dressed	6	@	9
Country dressed	5	@	8
Sheep, per 100 lb	3 00	@	4 15
Lambs, per 100 lb	5 00	@	5 85
Hogs, live, per 100 lb	5 10	@	6 15
Country dressed	6	@	8½

TOBACCO.

Domestic cigar leaf continues quiet, although there is a good demand for force-sweated Connecticut tobacco and for dark Connecticut wrappers. Sumatra tobacco continues very quiet. Havana tobacco is also quiet. Western tobacco is steady, but quiet.

LEAD THE WORLD IN EXPORTS.

Immense Trade Balance in Favor of the United States.

Washington, D. C.—The exports of merchandise for the United States for the month of April were valued at $120,780,590, being an increase of $2,008,010 over those for the same month last year. There was an increase of $5,810,464 in the value of breadstuffs, of $1,849,178 in provisions and of $119,651 in mineral oils, a decrease of $2,614,840 in cotton and $2,116,443 in other articles exported.

For the ten months ended April 30 the exports were valued at $1,260,449,248, being an increase of $88,045,972 over those of the same period of the preceding year. Breadstuffs show an increase of $10,820,341; provisions of $15,950,600; cotton (due largely to higher prices) of $59,441,432, and miscellaneous of $4,270,607, while mineral oils show the only decrease—$8,895,804.

The imports of merchandise in April aggregated $76,750,982, or $1,240,720 in excess of those in April, 1900. For the ten months ended April 30 the imports were valued at $676,236,942, or a falling off of $41,049,350 compared with those of the same period last year.

The balance of trade in favor of the United States on foreign commerce during the ten months was $584,212,306, as against $455,116,984 in the like period of the previous fiscal year, a gain of $129,095,822.

Cotton Duck Combine.

The combine of cotton duck manufacturers, it is announced, will be organized in New Jersey as the United States Cotton Duck Corporation. The capital proposed is $50,000,000.

A Bad Shad Season.

New York fish dealers say that the present shad season is the worst they have had in several years. Old-time fishermen say the cause of this is the prevalence of cold weather and easterly winds.

Water Destroys 15,000 Acres of Corn.

It has just been learned that 15,000 acres of corn in Massac County, Ill., which for some time was under water owing to the overflow of the Ohio, has been completely destroyed. The loss will be severely felt.

Area Sown to Winter Wheat.

Returns to the statistician of the Department of Agriculture, at Washington, show the area under winter wheat in cultivation to be about 28,267,000 acres. This is 2,015,000 acres, or 6.7 per cent. less than the area sown last fall.

Provision Values Are Weak.

Values of provisions have shown a slight downward tendency, owing to liberal receipts of hogs at packing centres, a decline in the corn market and a comparatively light export demand for both meats and lard.

Our Coal For Switzerland.

A dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Geneva says that the Germans who supply coal to Switzerland have raised their price twenty per cent. and the railways and manufacturers have accepted an offer from a new American company to furnish supplies at the original price. The correspondent adds that the company is controlled by Mr. Rockefeller.

Big Demand For Boots and Shoes.

Leather is in fair demand and prices are firm. Orders for boots and shoes keep all factories in full employment.

Not New But Little Known.

The green bug which is now preying upon the wheat and oats of North Texas is not a new pest. Yet very little seems to be known about it. In time the Texas colleges will turn out men who know something about entomology, mineralogy, and other "ologies," and possibly less about law.—Dallas (Texas) News.

Ninety-three per cent. of the heat produced by all the coal dug is wasted, but only fifty per cent. of the heat of oil.

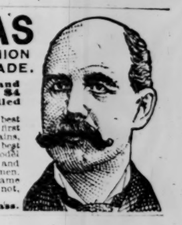
If You Have Dyspepsia
Send no money, but write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Restorative; express paid. If cured, pay $5.50; if not, it is free.

An oil well and an orator are neither of them much good unless they spout.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The young man who goes on the stage to earn his bread and butter must first be given a role.

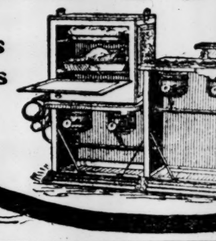
W. L. DOUGLAS $3, & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
Real worth of W. L. Douglas $4 and $3.50 shoes is $4 to $5. My $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.
It is not alone the best leather that makes a first class shoe if it is the brains, that have planned the best style, built a perfect model of the foot, and the construction of the shoe. It is mechanical skill and knowledge that have made W. L. Douglas shoes the best in the world for men. Take no substitute. Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them, if he does not, send for catalog giving full instructions how to order by mail.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

A Match Starts the Meal If You use a WICKLESS BLUE FLAME Oil Stove

No Fuss No Muss



If your dealer does not keep them, write to the nearest agency of STANDARD OIL CO.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Lion Coffee is not GLAZED, COATED, or otherwise treated with EGG mixtures, chemicals, glue, etc., etc. Lion Coffee is a Pure Coffee.

"THE NEW YANKEE DOODLE."

LION COFFEE came to town
To satisfy the craving
Of millions, and their pleasure crown
By also money saving.
LION COFFEE *IS* the best,
LION COFFEE stands the test,
LION COFFEE's sales attest
The road to fame 'tis paving.

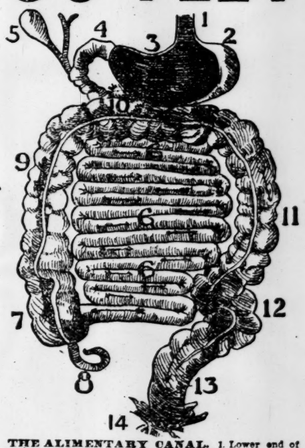
LION COFFEE is not glazed,
It has no foreign coating,
Its purity is always praised—
Good health it is promoting.
LION COFFEE takes the lead,
LION COFFEE's grand, indeed,
LION COFFEE all concede
Perfection is denoting.

LION COFFEE's in the bean—
Nothing there to hide it.
Lion head on package seen,
Premium List inside it!
LION COFFEE's gifts are great,
LION COFFEE's one-pound weight,
LION COFFEE's up-to-date,
All grocers will provide it.

Watch our next advertisement.
Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.
LION COFFEE is now used in millions of homes.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).
WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

30 FEET OF BOWELS



THE ALIMENTARY CANAL. 1. Lower end of œsophagus (meat-pipe) which conveys the food from the throat to the stomach; 2. Cardiac end of stomach; 3. Pyloric end of stomach; 4. Duodenum; 5. Gall bladder; 6, 6, 6. Small Intestines; 7. Cæcum; 8. Vermiform appendix; 9. Ascending colon; 10. Transverse colon; 11. Descending colon; 12. Sigmoid flexure; 13. Rectum; 14. Anus. The duodenum is continuous with the small intestines. The small intestine empties into the large intestine or colon at the cæcum. The arrows indicate the direction which the contents of the bowels must take in passing through the alimentary canal.

are packed away in your insides and must be kept clean, in order and doing business.

It's a long way, with many turns and pitfalls to catch the refuse and clog the channel if not most carefully cleaned out every day.

When this long canal is blockaded, look out for trouble—furred tongue, bad breath, belching of gases, yellow spots, pimples and boils, headaches, spitting up of food after eating—an all-around disgusting nuisance.

Violent calomel purges or griping salts are dangerous to use for cleaning out the bowels. They force out the obstruction by causing violent spasms of the bowels, but they leave the intestines weak and even less able to keep up regular movements than before, and make a larger dose necessary next time.

Then you have the pill habit, which kills more people than the morphine and whiskey habits combined.

The only safe, gentle but certain bowel cleansers are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS, because they don't force out the fœcal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action. Buy and try them! (Look out for imitations and substitutes or you can't get results. Cascarets are never sold in bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the long-tailed "C" on the box.) You will find that in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently

Made CLEAN and STRONG by **Cascarets** LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS to-day, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice! start with CASCARETS to-day, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Address: STERLING REMEDY CO., NEW YORK or CHICAGO.